



GCSE MARKING SCHEME

AUTUMN 2020

**GCSE
MATHEMATICS – UNIT 1 (INTERMEDIATE TIER)
3300U30-1**

INTRODUCTION

This marking scheme was used by WJEC for the 2020 examination. It was finalised after detailed discussion at examiners' conferences by all the examiners involved in the assessment. The conference was held shortly after the paper was taken so that reference could be made to the full range of candidates' responses, with photocopied scripts forming the basis of discussion. The aim of the conference was to ensure that the marking scheme was interpreted and applied in the same way by all examiners.

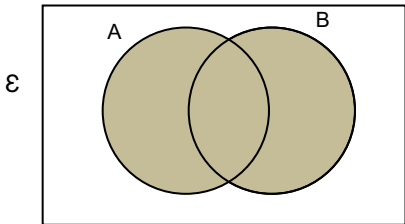
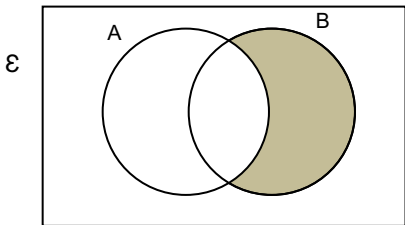
It is hoped that this information will be of assistance to centres but it is recognised at the same time that, without the benefit of participation in the examiners' conference, teachers may have different views on certain matters of detail or interpretation.

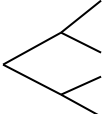
WJEC regrets that it cannot enter into any discussion or correspondence about this marking scheme.

WJEC GCSE MATHEMATICS
AUTUMN 2020 MARK SCHEME

GCSE Mathematics Unit 1 Intermediate Tier		Mark	Comments								
1.(a)	20(:)18 OR 8(:)18 p.m.	B1	B0 for (0)8:18 or 8:18 a.m or 20:18 a.m. Allow 20(:)18 p.m. and 08:18 p.m.								
1.(b)	6 (hours) 40 (minutes)	B1									
1.(c)	265 (seconds)	B2	B1 for sight of 435 AND 170 OR B1 for sight of 300 AND 35 OR B1 for 4 minutes 25 seconds.								
2.(a)	Line $x = -4$ drawn	B1	Line must be at least 2 units long. B0 if 'extra' lines drawn unless correct line unambiguously identified.								
2.(b)(i)	Point C shown at $(-2, -4)$	B2	Allow B2 if point C not labelled but is unambiguously at the correct position (eg 'end of line') Otherwise, B1 if Point C at $(-2, y)$ $y \neq 3$. ($\hat{BAC} = 90^\circ$) SC1 for point C at $(5, -4)$.								
2.(b)(ii)	$(-2, -4)$	B1	FT 'their unambiguously identified position of point C'. Allow missing brackets.								
3.(a)(i)	2700	B2	B1 for sight of 27 OR sight of 100. Mark final answer.								
3.(a)(ii)	0.08	B1	Mark final answer								
3.(a)(iii)	<u>Correctly</u> using a common denominator. $\frac{13}{18}$ or equivalent.	M1 A1	Mark final answer.								
3.(b)	0.05	B1									
4.	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Answer</th><th>Yes</th><th>No</th><th>Not sure</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Number of students</td><td>150</td><td>50</td><td>100</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Answer	Yes	No	Not sure	Number of students	150	50	100	B3	B1 for (Yes =) 150 C.A.O. B2 for (No =) 50 AND (Not sure =) 100. or FT 'their Yes' for (No =) $\frac{1}{3}(300 - \text{'Yes'})$ AND (Not sure =) $\frac{2}{3}(300 - \text{'Yes'})$ If B2 not gained, then B1 for (No =) 50 OR (Not sure =) 100 or FT 'their Yes' for (No =) $\frac{1}{3}(300 - \text{'Yes'})$ OR (Not sure =) $\frac{2}{3}(300 - \text{'Yes'})$ or B1 for 'No' + 'Not sure' = 150 or B1 if 'Not sure' = $2 \times \text{'No'}$. or B1 for 'Yes' + 'No' + 'Not sure' = 300.
Answer	Yes	No	Not sure								
Number of students	150	50	100								
5.(a)	$4x = 10 - 7 (=3)$ $x = \frac{3}{4}$ or equivalent.	B1 B1	FT from $4x = b$. Integer answer required if b is a multiple of 4 Mark final answer. Allow an embedded answer eg $4 \times 0.75 + 7 = 10$ for B2, but penalise -1 if contradicted by $x \neq 0.75$								
5.(b)	$5d - 2e$	B2	Must be an expression for B2. B1 for sight of (+)5d OR sight of $-2e$. B1 for $5d + -2e$. Mark final answer.								
6.	$a = 113$ $b = 67$ $c = 113$	B1 B1 B1	C.A.O. OR FT 180 – 'their a'. OR FT = 'their a' OR FT 180 – 'their b'.								
7.	$AB = 13$ (cm) $(\text{Area} =) 13 \times 13 = 169$ (cm ²)	B1 M1 A1	For any indication that side of square = 13 (cm). May be seen on the diagram. No FT (but note SC1). C.A.O. Unsupported 169 (cm ²) gains all 3 marks. If no marks gained award SC1 for a final answer of 144 (cm ²)								

8. (Probability of Puffin Island=) $1 - 0.4 - 0.15 - 0.25 = 0.2$ (Number of cards showing Puffin Island =) $0.2 \times 80 = 16$	M1 A1 M1 A1	An unsupported answer of 0.56 implies M1 FT 'their <u>stated</u> P(Puffin Island)' $\times 80$, only if 'their <u>stated</u> P(Puffin Island)' < 1 . 16/80 is M1A0 unless 16 has been seen.
<u>Alternative method</u> (Number of cards showing other 3 islands =) $0.4 \times 80 + 0.15 \times 80 + 0.25 \times 80$ or equivalent $= 64$ (Number of cards showing Puffin Island =) $80 - 64 = 16$	M1 A1 M1 A1	Allow M1 for sight of 32 AND 12 AND 20. FT $80 -$ 'their <u>derived</u> 64', only if 'their <u>derived</u> 64' < 80 . 16/80 is M1A0 unless 16 has been seen.
8. OCW Organisation and Communication. Accuracy of writing.	OC1 W1	For OC1, candidates will be expected to: • present their response in a structured way • explain to the reader what they are doing at each step of their response • lay out their explanation and working in a way that is clear and logical • write a conclusion that draws together their results and explains what their answer means For W1, candidates will be expected to: • show all their working • make few, if any, errors in spelling, punctuation and grammar • use correct mathematical form in their working • use appropriate terminology, units, etc
9.(a) Correct construction method. e.g. (i) intersecting arcs of radii 6cm and 9cm with centres A and C respectively. OR (ii) copying the angle at B at the point A (will require AB or BA to be extended). Completed parallelogram.	M1 A1	Relevant construction arcs must be seen.
9.(b) 'measured length' $\times 200 = 1520$ (cm) $= 15.2$ metres	M1 A1 B1	Allow for error in measuring line XY. Accept only in range 1480 to 1560 inclusive. FT 'their 1520' $\div 100$. Unsupported 14.8 to 15.6 inclusive gains all 3 marks.
<u>Alternative method</u> Sight of scale is 1cm represents 2m 'measured length' $\times 2 = 15.2$ metres	B1 M1 A1	Allow for error in measuring line XY. Accept only in range 14.8 to 15.6 inclusive.
10.(a) 9.231	B1	
10.(b) 170	B1	
10.(c) 10	B1	
11(a) $5n - 3$	B2	B1 for sight of $5n$. Mark final answer.
11.(b) 17	B1	
11.(c) $2n + 2$ OR $2(n + 1)$	B2	If $2n + 2$ is not their final answer allow B1 for sight of $2n + 2$ in earlier work. B1 for a correct answer not simplified or incorrectly simplified e.g. $n + n + 2$.

12.(a)(i)		B1	
12.(a)(ii)		B1	
12.(b) A valid statement. e.g. 'all multiples of 6 are also multiples of 3', 'because 3 goes into 6', '6 is a multiple of 3', '3 is a factor of 6'.	E1	Allow e.g. '(set) C is a subset of (set) A', 'it is a multiple of 3', '6, 12, ... are also multiples of 3'.	
13. (One part =) (£)210 ÷ 3 = (£)70 (Total amount =) 14 × (£)70 OR (£)210 + 4 × (£)70 + 7 × (£)70 = (£)980	M1 A1 m1 A1	FT 'their (£)70' only if M1 gained. Allow m1 for sight of 210 AND 280 AND 490 together as the three shares. <i>For 210 ÷ 3 × 14 M3 = 980 A1</i>	
14.(a) 9 -7	B2	B1 for each.	
14.(b) At least 6 correct plots and no incorrect plot. A smooth curve drawn through their plots.	P1 C1	FT 'their (-2,9)' and 'their (2,-7)' Allow ± '½ a small square'. FT 'their 8 plots'. OR a curve through the 6 given points and (-2,9) and (2,-7). Allow intention to pass through their plots. (± 1 small square horizontal or vertical.)	
14.(c) Line y = 1 drawn -0.8 AND 4.8	B1 B1	Must be at least 2cm long. FT intersection of 'their curve' with 'their y = 1' only if exactly two points of intersection and y ≠ 0. If curve drawn, but no line drawn, allow a FT from intersection of 'their curve' with line y = 1 only if exactly two points of intersection for B0B1. Allow ± '1 small square'.	
15. 4 5 11 12 OR 4 6 10 12 OR 4 7 9 12	B3	May be written in any order. B1 for Range = 8. B1 for Median = 8. B1 for Total = 32. Penalise -1 once only for repeated values, negatives or fractional answers e.g. 4, 8, 8, 12 earns B1 B1 B1 -1 (2 marks), 8, 8, 8, 8 earns B0 B1 B1 -1 (1 mark).	

16.(a)	$(x - 4)(x - 3)$ $(x =) 4$ AND $(x =) 3$	B2 B1	B1 for $(x \dots 4)(x \dots 3)$. Ignore '=' 0'. <u>Strict FT from their brackets.</u> Allow the following. B2 for $x - 4 (=0)$ AND $x - 3 (=0)$ (B1) $(x =) 4$ AND $(x =) 3$ (B1) B1 for $x + 4 (=0)$ AND $x + 3 (=0)$ (B0) $(x =) -4$ AND $(x =) -3$ (B1) FT B1 if only $(x =) 4$ AND $(x =) 3$ seen. (B1)
16(b)	$25x^2 - 20x + 4$	B2	Otherwise B1 for sight of $25x^2 \pm kx + 4$ (allow $k = 0$) B1 for sight of $25x^2 - 20x - 4$ Mark final answer.
17.(a)	Correct framework  Suitable labelling on both 1 st pair of branches AND on both of at least one pair of 2 nd set of branches. e.g. 'Car', 'No car', 'Before 8', 'After 8'. OR Titles of 'Car' and 'Before 8' with branch endings of 'Yes' and 'No'. Correct probabilities on first pair of branches 0.7 AND 0.3 (for 'Car', 'No car') OR 0.4 AND 0.6 (for 'Before 8', 'After 8') Correct probabilities on second two sets of branches 0.4 AND 0.6 correctly placed (following 0.7 and 0.3) OR 0.7 AND 0.3 correctly placed (following 0.4 and 0.6)	B1 B1 B1 B1	 Accept any unambiguous wording. Must be consistent with their labelling. Allow this B1 if no headings given, <u>unless</u> contradicted by, or inconsistent with, further labelling. Allow this B1 if no headings given, <u>unless</u> contradicted by, or inconsistent with, further labelling. Allow this B1 if only shown on one set of branches. Provided not contradicted on the other set of branches.
17.(b)	0.7×0.4 or equivalent. $= 0.28$ or equivalent.	M1 A1	No FT. M1A0 for a final answer of 0.28%. Mark final answer.
18.(a)	PA = 12(cm) AND correct theorem given, e.g. 'tangents from an external point are equal in length'.	E1	Must use the words ' <u>tangents</u> ' AND ' <u>equal (identical / same)</u> '. Do not accept e.g. 'PA = PB'. (E0) Accept alternative correct answers.
18.(b)	$\text{PAO} = 90^\circ$ AND correct theorem given, e.g. 'the tangent at any point on a circle is perpendicular to the radius at that point'.	E1	Must use the words ' <u>tangent</u> ' AND ' <u>radius (diameter)</u> '. Allow e.g. 'radius and tangent meet at 90'. (E1) Do not accept e.g. 'PA and OA meet at 90'. (E0)
18.(c)	(Area PAOB =) $2 \times \frac{12 \times 4}{2}$ or equivalent. $= 48 \text{ (cm}^2\text{)}$	M1 A1	OR FT ' <u>their PA</u> ' $\times 4 + \frac{12 \times 4}{2}$ M0 for 48×2 or $12 \times 4 \times 2$ (= 96) An unsupported final answer of 48 gains both marks. If no marks gained allow SC1 for sight of $24 \text{ (cm}^2\text{)}$ OR a correct evaluation of ' <u>their PA</u> ' $\times 4 / 2$.
19.(a)	$y = 2.5x + 3$	B1	
19.(b)	$y = 3x - 5$	B1	
19.(c)	Line D	B1	