Write your name here

Surname	Other names

Pearson Edexcel Level 3 GCE

Centre Number | Candidate Number

Psychology

Advanced Subsidiary
Paper 1: Social and Cognitive Psychology

Monday 16 May 2016 – Afternoon
Time: 1 hour 30 minutes

Paper Reference
8PS0/01

You do not need any other materials.

Total Marks

Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer **all** questions.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided – *there may be more space than you need.*

Information

- The total mark for this paper is 70.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets – *use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.*
- The list of formulae and critical value tables are printed at the start of this paper.
- Candidates may use a calculator.

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

Turn over

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FORMULAE AND STATISTICAL TABLES

Standard deviation (sample estimate)

$$\sqrt{\left(\frac{\sum(x-\bar{x})^2}{n-1}\right)}$$

Spearman's rank correlation coefficient

$$1-\frac{6\sum d^2}{n(n^2-1)}$$

Critical values for Spearman's rank

	Level of significance for a one-tailed test				
	0.05	**0.025**	**0.01**	**0.005**	**0.0025**
	Level of significance for a two-tailed test				
n	**0.10**	**0.05**	**0.025**	**0.01**	**0.005**
4	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000
5	0.700	0.900	0.900	1.000	1.000
6	0.657	0.771	0.829	0.943	0.943
7	0.571	0.679	0.786	0.857	0.893
8	0.548	0.643	0.738	0.810	0.857
9	0.483	0.600	0.683	0.767	0.817
10	0.442	0.564	0.649	0.733	0.782
11	0.418	0.527	0.609	0.700	0.755
12	0.399	0.504	0.587	0.671	0.727
13	0.379	0.478	0.560	0.648	0.698
14	0.367	0.459	0.539	0.622	0.675
15	0.350	0.443	0.518	0.600	0.654
16	0.338	0.427	0.503	0.582	0.632
17	0.327	0.412	0.482	0.558	0.606
18	0.317	0.400	0.468	0.543	0.590
19	0.308	0.389	0.456	0.529	0.575
20	0.299	0.378	0.444	0.516	0.561
21	0.291	0.369	0.433	0.503	0.549
22	0.284	0.360	0.423	0.492	0.537
23	0.277	0.352	0.413	0.482	0.526
24	0.271	0.344	0.404	0.472	0.515
25	0.265	0.337	0.396	0.462	0.505
26	0.260	0.330	0.388	0.453	0.496
27	0.255	0.323	0.381	0.445	0.487
28	0.250	0.317	0.374	0.437	0.479
29	0.245	0.312	0.367	0.430	0.471
30	0.241	0.306	0.361	0.423	0.463

The calculated value must be equal to or exceed the critical value in this table for significance to be shown.

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Chi-squared distribution formula

$$X^2 = \sum \frac{(O-E)^2}{E} \qquad df = (r-1)(c-1)$$

Critical values for chi-squared distribution

	Level of significance for a one-tailed test					
	0.10	**0.05**	**0.025**	**0.01**	**0.005**	**0.0005**
	Level of significance for a two-tailed test					
df	**0.20**	**0.10**	**0.05**	**0.025**	**0.01**	**0.001**
1	1.64	2.71	3.84	5.02	6.64	10.83
2	3.22	4.61	5.99	7.38	9.21	13.82
3	4.64	6.25	7.82	9.35	11.35	16.27
4	5.99	7.78	9.49	11.14	13.28	18.47
5	7.29	9.24	11.07	12.83	15.09	20.52
6	8.56	10.65	12.59	14.45	16.81	22.46
7	9.80	12.02	14.07	16.01	18.48	24.32
8	11.03	13.36	15.51	17.54	20.09	26.12
9	12.24	14.68	16.92	19.02	21.67	27.88
10	13.44	15.99	18.31	20.48	23.21	29.59
11	14.63	17.28	19.68	21.92	24.73	31.26
12	15.81	18.55	21.03	23.34	26.22	32.91
13	16.99	19.81	22.36	24.74	27.69	34.53
14	18.15	21.06	23.69	26.12	29.14	36.12
15	19.31	22.31	25.00	27.49	30.58	37.70
16	20.47	23.54	26.30	28.85	32.00	39.25
17	21.62	24.77	27.59	30.19	33.41	40.79
18	22.76	25.99	28.87	31.53	34.81	42.31
19	23.90	27.20	30.14	32.85	36.19	43.82
20	25.04	28.41	31.41	34.17	37.57	45.32
21	26.17	29.62	32.67	35.48	38.93	46.80
22	27.30	30.81	33.92	36.78	40.29	48.27
23	28.43	32.01	35.17	38.08	41.64	49.73
24	29.55	33.20	36.42	39.36	42.98	51.18
25	30.68	34.38	37.65	40.65	44.31	52.62
26	31.80	35.56	38.89	41.92	45.64	54.05
27	32.91	36.74	40.11	43.20	46.96	55.48
28	34.03	37.92	41.34	44.46	48.28	56.89
29	35.14	39.09	42.56	45.72	49.59	58.30
30	36.25	40.26	43.77	46.98	50.89	59.70
40	47.27	51.81	55.76	59.34	63.69	73.40
50	58.16	63.17	67.51	71.42	76.15	86.66
60	68.97	74.40	79.08	83.30	88.38	99.61
70	79.72	85.53	90.53	95.02	100.43	112.32

The calculated value must be equal to or exceed the critical value in this table for significance to be shown.

Mann-Whitney U test formulae

$$U_a = n_a n_b + \frac{n_a(n_a+1)}{2} - \sum R_a$$

$$U_b = n_a n_b + \frac{n_b(n_b+1)}{2} - \sum R_b$$

(U is the smaller of U_a and U_b)

Critical values for the Mann-Whitney U test

	N_b															
N_a	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
***p* ≤ 0.05 (one-tailed), *p* ≤ 0.10 (two-tailed)**																
5	4	5	6	8	9	11	12	13	15	16	18	19	20	22	23	25
6	5	7	8	10	12	14	16	17	19	21	23	25	26	28	30	32
7	6	8	11	13	15	17	19	21	24	26	28	30	33	35	37	39
8	8	10	13	15	18	20	23	26	28	31	33	36	39	41	44	47
9	9	12	15	18	21	24	27	30	33	36	39	42	45	48	51	54
10	11	14	17	20	24	27	31	34	37	41	44	48	51	55	58	62
11	12	16	19	23	27	31	34	38	42	46	50	54	57	61	65	69
12	13	17	21	26	30	34	38	42	47	51	55	60	64	68	72	77
13	15	19	24	28	33	37	42	47	51	56	61	65	70	75	82	84
14	16	21	26	31	36	41	46	51	56	61	66	71	77	82	87	92
15	18	23	28	33	39	44	50	55	61	66	72	77	83	88	94	100
16	19	25	30	36	42	48	54	60	65	71	77	83	89	95	101	107
17	20	26	33	39	45	51	57	64	70	77	83	89	96	102	109	115
18	22	28	35	41	48	55	61	68	75	82	88	95	102	109	116	123
19	23	30	37	44	51	58	65	72	80	87	94	101	109	116	123	130
20	25	32	39	47	54	62	69	77	84	92	100	107	115	123	130	138

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N_a \ N_b	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
$p \leq 0.01$ (one-tailed), $p \leq 0.02$ (two-tailed)																
5	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
6	2	3	4	6	7	8	9	11	12	13	15	16	18	19	20	22
7	3	4	6	7	9	11	12	14	16	17	19	21	23	24	26	28
8	4	6	7	9	11	13	15	17	20	22	24	26	28	30	32	34
9	5	7	9	11	14	16	18	21	23	26	28	31	33	36	38	40
10	6	8	11	13	16	19	22	24	27	30	33	36	38	41	44	47
11	7	9	12	15	18	22	25	28	31	34	37	41	44	47	50	53
12	8	11	14	17	21	24	28	31	35	38	42	46	49	53	56	60
13	9	12	16	20	23	27	31	35	39	43	47	51	55	59	63	67
14	10	13	17	22	26	30	34	38	43	47	51	56	60	65	69	73
15	11	15	19	24	28	33	37	42	47	51	56	61	66	70	75	80
16	12	16	21	26	31	36	41	46	51	56	61	66	71	76	82	87
17	13	18	23	28	33	38	44	49	55	60	66	71	77	82	88	93
18	14	19	24	30	36	41	47	53	59	65	70	76	82	88	94	100
19	15	20	26	32	38	44	50	56	63	69	75	82	88	94	101	107
20	16	22	28	34	40	47	53	60	67	73	80	87	93	100	107	114

N_a \ N_b	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
$p \leq 0.025$ (one-tailed), $p \leq 0.05$ (two-tailed)																
5	2	3	5	6	7	8	9	11	12	13	14	15	17	18	19	20
6		5	6	8	10	11	13	14	16	17	19	21	22	24	25	27
7			8	10	12	14	16	18	20	22	24	26	28	30	32	34
8				13	15	17	19	22	24	26	29	31	34	36	38	41
9					17	20	23	26	28	31	34	37	39	42	45	48
10						23	26	29	33	36	39	42	45	48	52	55
11							30	33	37	40	44	47	51	55	58	62
12								37	41	45	49	53	57	61	65	69
13									45	50	54	59	63	67	72	76
14										55	59	64	67	74	78	83
15											64	70	75	80	85	90
16												75	81	86	92	98
17													87	93	99	105
18														99	106	112
19															113	119
20																127

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N_a \ N_b	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
$p \leq 0.005$ (one-tailed), $p \leq 0.01$ (two-tailed)																
5	0	1	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
6		2	3	4	5	6	7	9	10	11	12	13	15	16	17	18
7			4	6	7	9	10	12	13	15	16	18	19	21	22	24
8				7	9	11	13	15	17	18	20	22	24	26	28	30
9					11	13	16	18	20	22	24	27	29	31	33	36
10						16	18	21	24	26	29	31	34	37	39	42
11							21	24	27	30	33	36	39	42	45	48
12								27	31	34	37	41	44	47	51	54
13									34	38	42	45	49	53	57	60
14										42	46	50	54	48	63	67
15											51	55	60	64	69	73
16												60	65	70	74	79
17													70	75	81	86
18														81	87	92
19															93	99
20																105

The calculated value must be equal to or less than the critical value in this table for significance to be shown.

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Wilcoxon Signed Ranks test process

- Calculate the difference between two scores by taking one from the other
- Rank the differences giving the smallest difference Rank 1

  Note: do not rank any differences of 0 and when adding the number of scores, do not count those with a difference of 0, and ignore the signs when calculating the difference
- Add up the ranks for positive differences
- Add up the ranks for negative differences
- T is the figure that is the smallest when the ranks are totalled (may be positive or negative)
- N is the number of scores left, ignore those with 0 difference

Critical values for the Wilcoxon Signed Ranks test

	Level of significance for a one-tailed test		
	0.05	0.025	0.01
	Level of significance for a two-tailed test		
n	0.1	0.05	0.02
N=5	0	-	-
6	2	0	-
7	3	2	0
8	5	3	1
9	8	5	3
10	11	8	5
11	13	10	7
12	17	13	9

The calculated value must be equal to or less than the critical value in this table for significance to be shown.

SECTION A: SOCIAL PSYCHOLOGY

Answer ALL questions.

1 Define the concept of 'agentic state' as part of agency theory.

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(Total for Question 1 = 2 marks)

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2 David and Sarah were using their mobile telephones during a lesson. Their teacher asked them to put the mobile telephones away. David immediately put his in his bag, but Sarah refused.

(a) Using your knowledge of social impact theory, identify **two** reasons why David followed the teacher's instructions.

(2)

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(b) Using your knowledge of obedience, explain **one** factor that may account for Sarah's refusal to put her mobile telephone away.

(2)

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(Total for Question 2 = 4 marks)

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3 Sherif et al. (1954/1961) conducted The Robbers Cave Experiment to investigate intergroup conflict and cooperation.

Evaluate The Robbers Cave Experiment conducted by Sherif et al (1954/1961).

(8)

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(Total for Question 3 = 8 marks)

4 In your studies of social psychology you have conducted a practical investigation.

(a) Describe how you carried out the analysis of the data you gathered.

(4)

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(b) Suggest **one** improvement you could make to the procedure of your practical investigation.

(3)

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(Total for Question 4 = 7 marks)

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5 The British Psychological Society (BPS) code of ethics and conduct (2009) sets an expected standard for psychological research. However, it has been claimed that some studies into obedience have not met ethical guidelines. Some psychologists have argued that this breach of ethics was necessary in order to achieve accurate results.

Assess whether Milgram was justified in breaching the ethical guidelines in his original study of obedience (1963).

(8)

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(Total for Question 5 = 8 marks)

TOTAL FOR SECTION A = 29 MARKS

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SECTION B: COGNITIVE PSYCHOLOGY

Answer ALL questions.

6 Jared decided to investigate how many household objects could be recalled by participants when rehearsal was prevented. He conducted a laboratory experiment where he displayed 25 household objects to the participants for one minute. Jared then asked the participants to count backwards from 20 before they attempted to recall as many household objects as they could.

(a) State a fully operationalised directional (one-tailed) hypothesis for Jared's experiment.

(3)

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(b) Describe an appropriate participant design that Jared could use for this experiment.

(3)

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(c) **Table 1** shows the results of Jared's experiment.

	Condition 1	**Condition 2**
Participant	Number of items recalled when rehearsal **is not** prevented	Number of items recalled when rehearsal **is** prevented
A	5	4
B	4	3
C	6	4
D	2	2
E	5	4
F	3	3
G	10	6
H	6	4
I	2	2
J	2	2
K	7	5
L	3	1
TOTAL	**55**	**40**

Table 1

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Calculate the measures of central tendency for the data Jared collected for participant recall in **Condition 1** and complete **Table 2** below with your answers.

(3)

Mean number of items recalled when rehearsal is **not** prevented (to two decimal places)	**Median** number of items recalled when rehearsal is **not** prevented	**Mode** number of items recalled when rehearsal is **not** prevented

Table 2

SPACE FOR CALCULATIONS

(Total for Question 6 = 9 marks)

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7 In cognitive psychology you will have learned about one of the following contemporary studies:

- **Schmolck et al. (2002)**
- **Steyvers and Hemmer (2012)**
- **Sebastián and Hernández-Gil (2012)**

Describe the procedure used in one study from the list.

Name of study

(Total for Question 7 = 5 marks)

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8 Baddeley and Hitch (1974) claimed that memory was composed of separate systems that each have a function in processing and storing cognitive information. They refer to this as the working memory model.

(a) Explain the function of the 'central executive' in this model.

(3)

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(b) Explain **one** strength and **one** weakness of the working memory model.

(4)

Strength

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Weakness

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(c) Baddeley (1966b) conducted a laboratory experiment to investigate the influence of acoustic and semantic similarity of words on long-term memory.

Evaluate Baddeley's (1966b) study.

(8)

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(Total for Question 8 = 15 marks)

TOTAL FOR SECTION B = 29 MARKS

SECTION C

9 Ed and Najeeb are researching the effects of individual tutorials on student wellbeing. Ed wants to carry out a laboratory experiment and collect quantitative data, whereas Najeeb feels they should use interviews to collect qualitative data.

Evaluate the use of quantitative and qualitative data when conducting research into psychological issues. You must make reference to the context in your answer.

(12)

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(Total for Question 9 = 12 marks)

TOTAL FOR SECTION C = 12 MARKS
TOTAL FOR PAPER = 70 MARKS

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