



Cambridge International Examinations
Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

COMBINED SCIENCE

0653/11

Paper 1 Multiple Choice (Core)

May/June 2018

45 minutes

Additional Materials: Multiple Choice Answer Sheet
Soft clean eraser
Soft pencil (type B or HB is recommended)

* 1 3 2 0 5 5 9 9 8 0 *



READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write in soft pencil.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

Write your name, Centre number and candidate number on the Answer Sheet in the spaces provided unless this has been done for you.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

There are **forty** questions on this paper. Answer **all** questions. For each question there are four possible answers **A, B, C** and **D**.

Choose the **one** you consider correct and record your choice in **soft pencil** on the separate Answer Sheet.

Read the instructions on the Answer Sheet very carefully.

Each correct answer will score one mark. A mark will not be deducted for a wrong answer.

Any rough working should be done in this booklet.

A copy of the Periodic Table is printed on page 16.

Electronic calculators may be used.

This document consists of **16** printed pages.

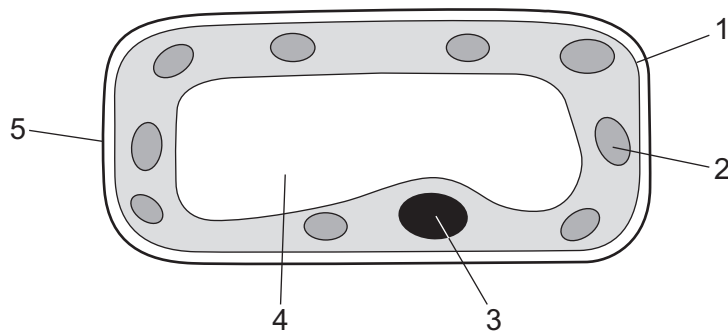


- 1 Most cars burn fossil fuels to release energy for their movement.

Which characteristic of living organisms is similar to this?

- A excretion
- B growth
- C nutrition
- D respiration

- 2 The diagram shows a plant cell with some structures labelled.

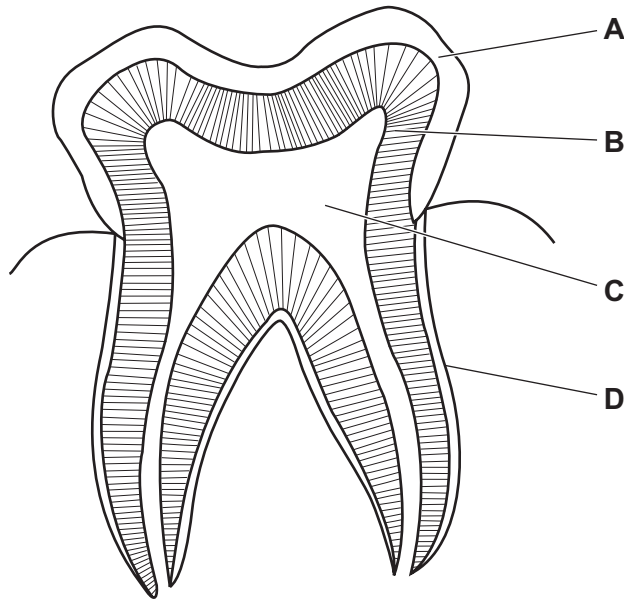


Which two structures are also present in animal cells?

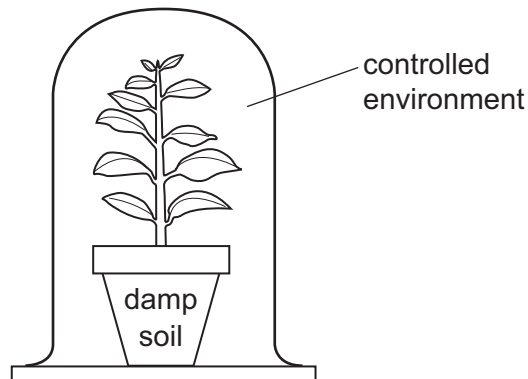
- A 1 and 2
 - B 1 and 3
 - C 2 and 4
 - D 3 and 5
- 3 Food chewed in the mouth is mixed with enzymes which begin the process of chemical digestion.
- What type of molecule is an enzyme?
- A carbohydrate
 - B fat
 - C protein
 - D vitamin
- 4 Which two chemical substances are required for photosynthesis?
- A carbon dioxide and glucose
 - B glucose and oxygen
 - C oxygen and water
 - D water and carbon dioxide

- 5 The diagram shows a section through a human tooth.

Which part is made of the hardest material?



- 6 The diagram shows a plant in a controlled environment.



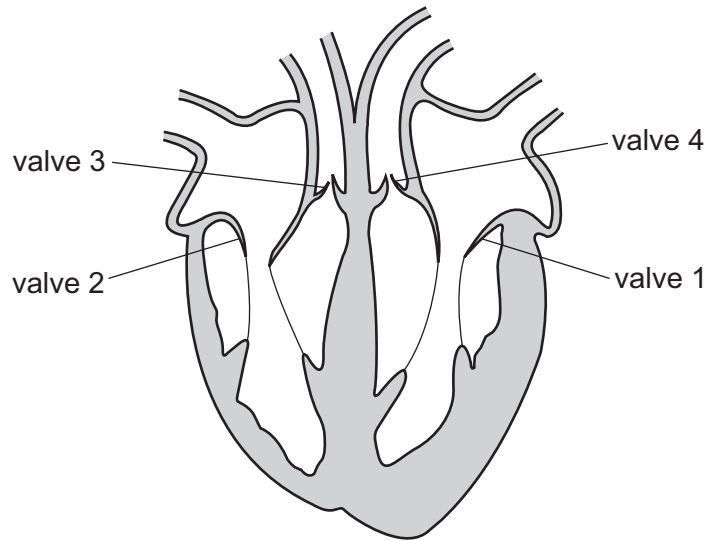
The list gives three ways in which the environment can be altered.

- 1 humidity increased
- 2 light intensity increased
- 3 temperature increased

Which changes will cause an increase in the rate of transpiration of the plant?

	1	2	3
A	✓	✓	x
B	✓	x	x
C	x	x	✓
D	x	✓	✓

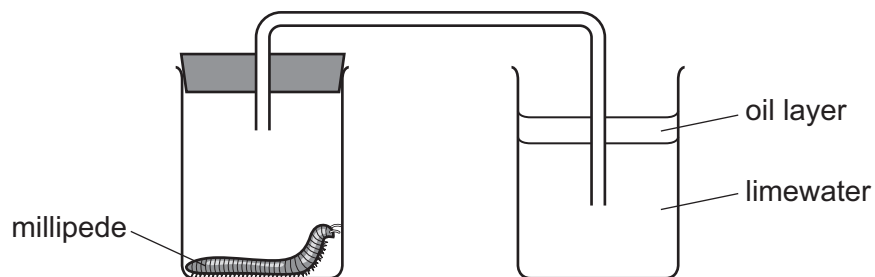
- 7 The diagram shows a section through the human heart.



What happens to the valves as blood is being pumped to the lungs?

	valve 1	valve 2	valve 3	valve 4
A	closed	closed	open	closed
B	closed	closed	open	open
C	open	open	closed	closed
D	open	open	closed	open

- 8 A student set up the experiment shown in the diagram.



Which statement is correct?

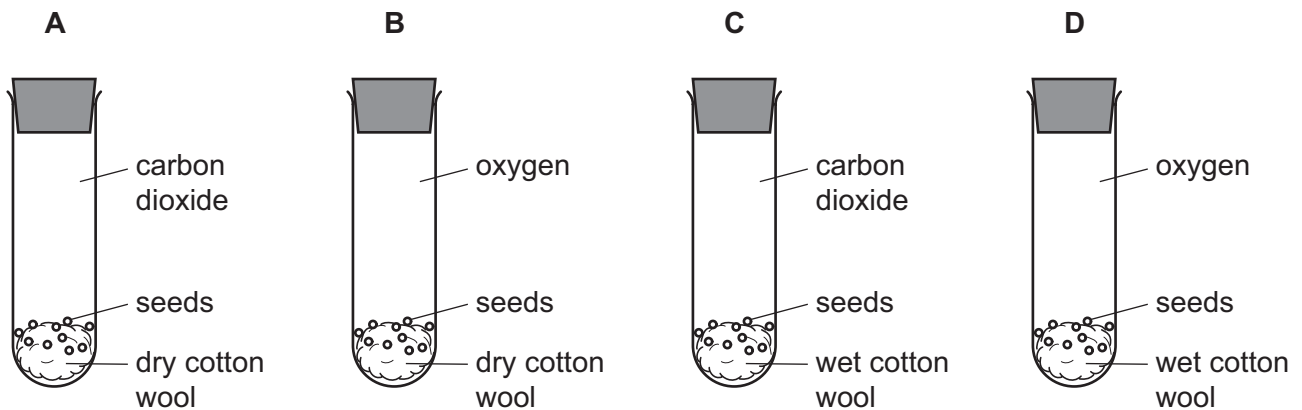
- A** If the limewater stays colourless, aerobic respiration is occurring.
- B** If the limewater stays colourless, photosynthesis is occurring.
- C** If the limewater turns milky, aerobic respiration is occurring.
- D** If the limewater turns milky, photosynthesis is occurring.

9 What are the growth responses of a plant to gravity?

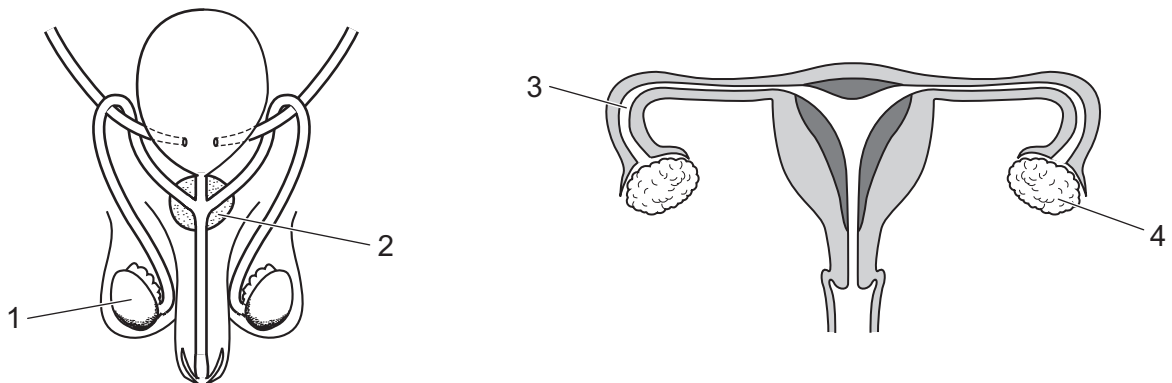
	root grows	stem grows
A	away from gravity	away from gravity
B	away from gravity	towards gravity
C	towards gravity	away from gravity
D	towards gravity	towards gravity

10 The diagram shows four tubes set up to investigate germination. All of the tubes are at 25 °C.

In which tube will the seeds germinate first?



11 The diagrams show the human male and female reproductive systems.



Which numbered parts produce gametes?

- A** 1 and 3 **B** 1 and 4 **C** 2 and 3 **D** 2 and 4

12 The diagram shows a food chain.

maize → mouse → owl

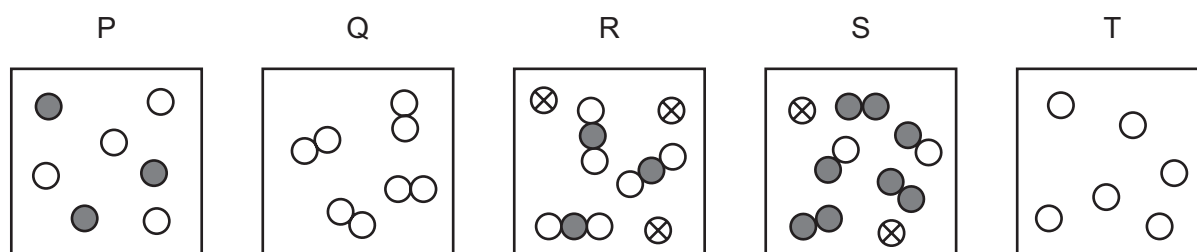
Which terms describe the organisms in this food chain?

	maize	mouse	owl
A	consumer	carnivore	producer
B	consumer	herbivore	carnivore
C	producer	carnivore	herbivore
D	producer	herbivore	carnivore

13 What is **not** an effect of deforestation?

- A** extinction of species
- B** flooding of farmland
- C** increase of oxygen in the air
- D** loss of soil

14 The diagrams represent different substances.



Which row describes the substances?

	only separate atoms	only molecules	mixture of atoms and molecules
A	P	Q	S
B	Q	T	R
C	T	P	R
D	T	Q	P

15 Which row describes the method used to obtain salt from salt water and petrol from petroleum?

	salt from salt water	petrol from petroleum
A	crystallisation	distillation
B	crystallisation	fractional distillation
C	filtration	distillation
D	filtration	fractional distillation

16 Some changes are listed.

- 1 boiling
- 2 decomposing
- 3 evaporating
- 4 oxidising

Which changes are physical changes?

- A** 1 and 2 **B** 1 and 3 **C** 2 and 4 **D** 3 and 4

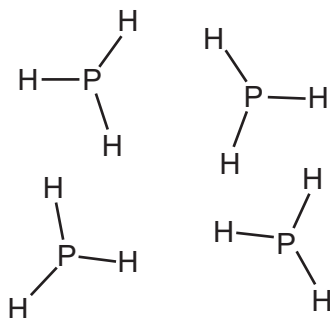
17 Lithium, a Group I element, reacts with fluorine, a Group VII element, to form lithium fluoride.

Lithium fluoride is an ionic substance.

Which row describes how the ions are formed from the atoms?

	lithium atom	fluorine atom
A	gains an electron	gains an electron
B	gains an electron	loses an electron
C	loses an electron	gains an electron
D	loses an electron	loses an electron

18 The diagram represents molecules of phosphine.

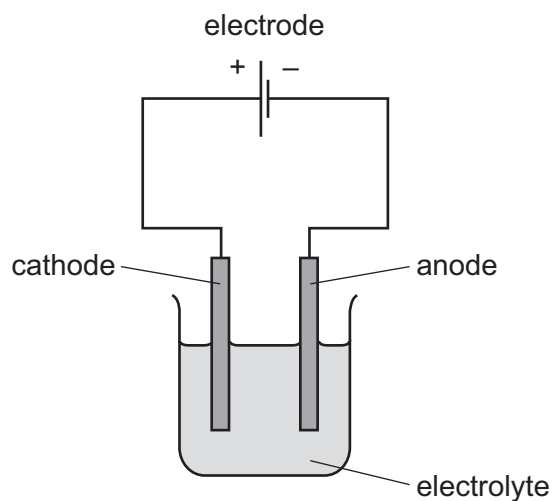


What is the formula of a molecule of phosphine?

- A** HP **B** HP_3 **C** PH_3 **D** P_4H_{12}

19 The diagram shows apparatus for electrolysis.

Only one label is correct.



Which label on the diagram is correct?

- A** anode
B cathode
C electrode
D electrolyte

20 Which change **must** take place in an endothermic reaction?

- A Bubbles of gas are released.
- B The mass decreases.
- C The temperature decreases.
- D The temperature increases.

21 Magnesium reacts with steam to form magnesium oxide and hydrogen gas.



Which statement about this reaction is correct?

- A Hydrogen gas is reduced.
- B Magnesium is oxidised.
- C Magnesium is reduced.
- D Water is oxidised.

22 Aqueous ammonia is added to a solution containing a salt.

A white precipitate is produced which dissolves in excess aqueous ammonia.

Which ion is present in the salt?

- A iron(II)
- B iron(III)
- C ammonium
- D zinc

23 Which statement describes the metallic character of elements in Period 2 of the Periodic Table?

- A The first and last elements in this period are metals.
- B The metallic elements are in the centre of this period.
- C The metallic elements are on the left of this period.
- D The metallic elements are on the right of this period.

24 Which statement about transition metals is **not** correct?

- A They are often used as catalysts.
- B They form colourless compounds.
- C They have high densities.
- D They have high melting points.

25 Which element is a metal?

	melting point / °C	<u>density</u> g/cm ³	conducts electricity
A	−39	13.6	yes
B	44	1.8	no
C	113	2.1	no
D	1410	2.3	no

26 Which chemical reactions produce carbon dioxide?

	hydrochloric acid + calcium carbonate	hydrochloric acid + sodium hydroxide	complete combustion of methane	respiration
A	✓	x	✓	✓
B	✓	x	✓	x
C	✓	x	x	✓
D	x	✓	✓	✓

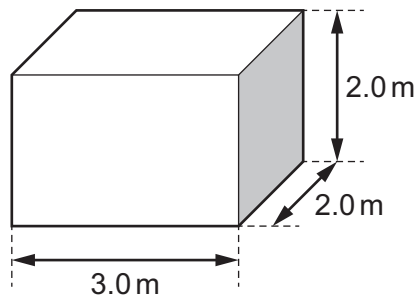
27 Which statement about organic compounds is **not** correct?

- A An ethene molecule contains a double bond.
- B Molecules of ethane and ethanol contain the same number of carbon atoms.
- C The complete combustion of hydrocarbons produces carbon dioxide and water.
- D The main constituent of natural gas is ethane.

- 28 A vehicle takes 30 minutes to travel a distance of 60 km.

What is the average speed of the vehicle?

- A 2.0 km/hour
 B 30 km/hour
 C 120 km/hour
 D 1800 km/hour
- 29 What is the weight of an object?
- A the acceleration of the object due to gravity
 B the energy of the object due to its position
 C the force acting on the object due to gravity
 D the quantity of matter in the object
- 30 The diagram shows a solid rectangular block of mass 24 kg with the dimensions shown.

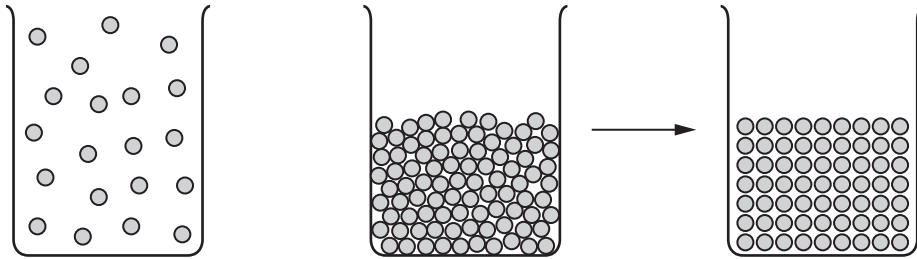


What is the density of the material from which the block is made?

- A 0.25 kg/m^3 B 0.50 kg/m^3 C 2.0 kg/m^3 D 4.0 kg/m^3
- 31 Electricity can be obtained from the energy in water behind a hydroelectric dam.
- Is this energy resource renewable, and in which form is its energy stored?

	renewable	form of energy
A	no	chemical
B	no	gravitational potential
C	yes	chemical
D	yes	gravitational potential

- 32** Three beakers contain samples of the same substance. The diagrams indicate the molecular structures of the substance in each of the beakers.



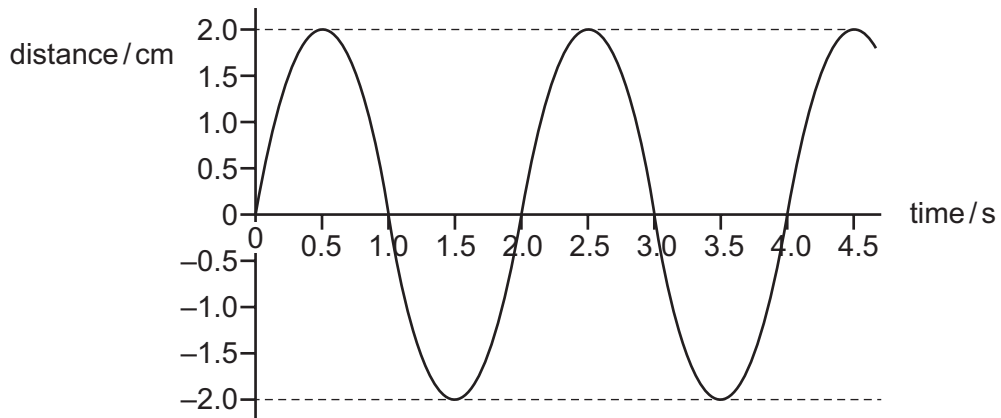
Which change of state is represented by the arrow?

- A** liquid to gas
 - B** liquid to solid
 - C** solid to gas
 - D** solid to liquid
- 33** On a summer's day, hot air rises above hot roofs.

What is the name of this process?

- A** concentration
- B** condensation
- C** conduction
- D** convection

34 The diagram represents a wave.

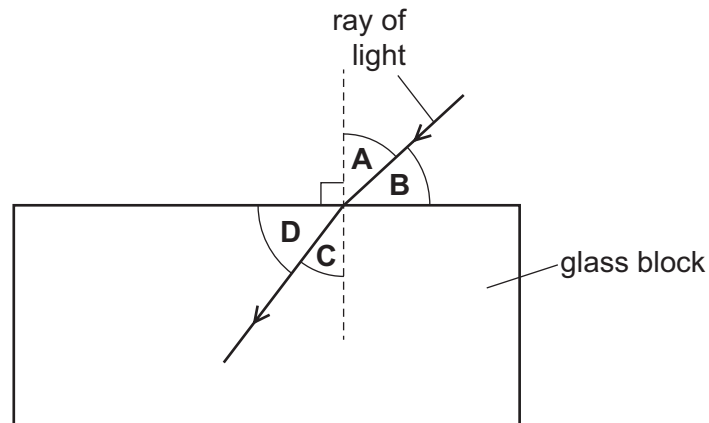


What is the amplitude of the wave, and what is the frequency of the wave?

	amplitude / cm	frequency / Hz
A	2.0	0.50
B	2.0	2.0
C	4.0	0.50
D	4.0	2.0

35 The diagram shows a ray of light as it enters a glass block.

Which labelled angle is the angle of refraction?



36 Which waves are **not** electromagnetic waves?

- A** gamma
- B** infra-red
- C** light
- D** sound

- 37** A man sees a car door being slammed shut.

After 0.30 s, he hears the sound of the door being shut.

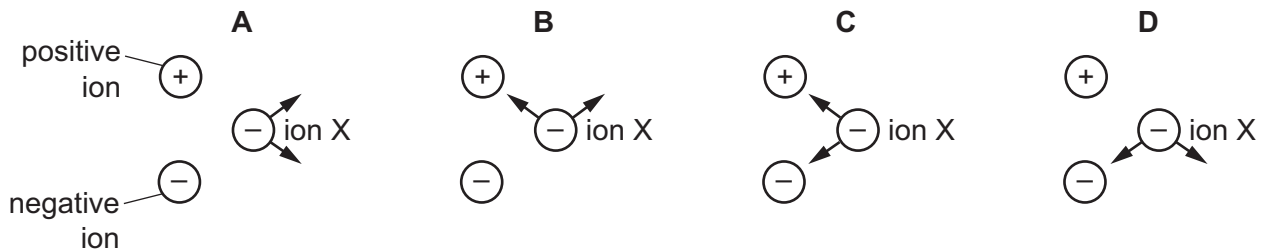
The speed of sound in air is 300 m/s.

How far away is the man from the car door?

- A** 9.0 m **B** 90 m **C** 100 m **D** 1000 m

- 38** A negative ion X is close to a positive ion and another negative ion. Electrical forces act on ion X because of the charges in the other two ions.

Which diagram shows the directions of the two forces acting on ion X?



- 39** An electric kettle has the following label attached to its base.

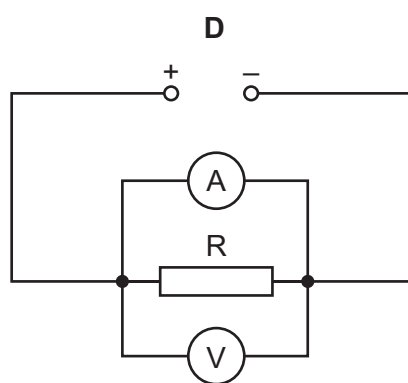
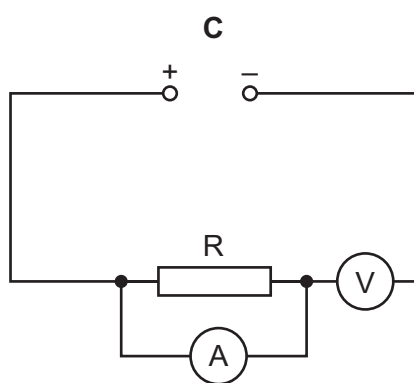
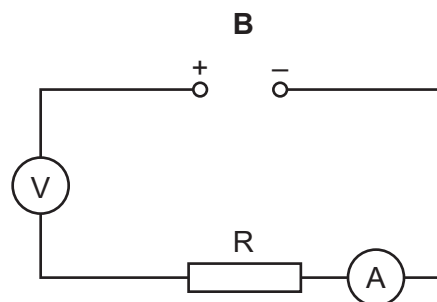
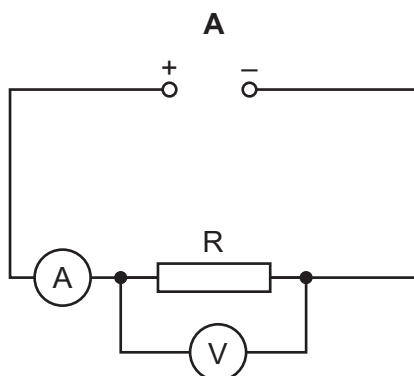
current:	7.5 A
frequency:	50 Hz
power:	1800 W
voltage:	240 V

How is an appropriate fuse for the kettle labelled?

- A** 10 A **B** 60 Hz **C** 2000 W **D** 300 V

40 A student determines the resistance of resistor R.

Which circuit is used to obtain the readings needed?



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The Periodic Table of Elements

Group																		
I	II	1 H hydrogen 1										III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	
		Key atomic number atomic symbol name relative atomic mass																
3 Li lithium 7	4 Be beryllium 9											5 B boron 11	6 C carbon 12	7 N nitrogen 14	8 O oxygen 16	9 F fluorine 19	10 Ne neon 20	
11 Na sodium 23	12 Mg magnesium 24											13 Al aluminium 27	14 Si silicon 28	15 P phosphorus 31	16 S sulfur 32	17 Cl chlorine 35.5	18 Ar argon 40	
19 K potassium 39	20 Ca calcium 40	21 Sc scandium 45	22 Ti titanium 48	23 V vanadium 51	24 Cr chromium 52	25 Mn manganese 55	26 Fe iron 56	27 Co cobalt 59	28 Ni nickel 59	29 Cu copper 64	30 Zn zinc 65	31 Ga gallium 70	32 Ge germanium 73	33 As arsenic 75	34 Se selenium 79	35 Br bromine 80	36 Kr krypton 84	
37 Rb rubidium 85	38 Sr strontium 88	39 Y yttrium 89	40 Zr zirconium 91	41 Nb niobium 93	42 Mo molybdenum 96	43 Tc technetium —	44 Ru ruthenium 101	45 Rh rhodium 103	46 Pd palladium 106	47 Ag silver 108	48 Cd cadmium 112	49 In indium 115	50 Sn tin 119	51 Sb antimony 122	52 Te tellurium 128	53 I iodine 127	54 Xe xenon 131	
55 Cs caesium 133	56 Ba barium 137	57–71 lanthanoids		72 Hf hafnium 178	73 Ta tantalum 181	74 W tungsten 184	75 Re rhenium 186	76 Os osmium 190	77 Ir iridium 192	78 Pt platinum 195	79 Au gold 197	80 Hg mercury 201	81 Tl thallium 204	82 Pb lead 207	83 Bi bismuth 209	84 Po polonium —	85 At astatine —	
87 Fr francium —	88 Ra radium —	89–103 actinoids		104 Rf rutherfordium —	105 Db dubnium —	106 Sg seaborgium —	107 Bh bohrium —	108 Hs hassium —	109 Mt meitnerium —	110 Ds darmstadtium —	111 Rg roentgenium —	112 Cn copernicium —		114 Fl flerovium —		116 Lv livermorium —	—	

lanthanoids

actinoids

57 La lanthanum 139	58 Ce cerium 140	59 Pr praseodymium 141	60 Nd neodymium 144	61 Pm promethium —	62 Sm samarium 150	63 Eu europium 152	64 Gd gadolinium 157	65 Tb terbium 159	66 Dy dysprosium 163	67 Ho holmium 165	68 Er erbium 167	69 Tm thulium 169	70 Yb ytterbium 173	71 Lu lutetium 175
89 Ac actinium —	90 Th thorium 232	91 Pa protactinium 231	92 U uranium 238	93 Np neptunium —	94 Pu plutonium —	95 Am americium —	96 Cm curium —	97 Bk berkelium —	98 Cf californium —	99 Es einsteinium —	100 Fm fermium —	101 Md mendelevium —	102 No nobelium —	103 Lr lawrencium —

The volume of one mole of any gas is 24 dm³ at room temperature and pressure (r.t.p.).



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A copy of the Periodic Table is printed on page 16.

Electronic calculators may be used.

This document consists of **15** printed pages and **1** blank page.



1 Which pair of structures is found in a typical plant cell but **not** in a typical animal cell?

- A cell membrane and chloroplasts
- B cell membrane and cytoplasm
- C cell wall and chloroplasts
- D cell wall and cytoplasm

2 A student investigates the effect of temperature on the digestion of starch by an enzyme.

The student mixes an enzyme solution with a starch solution.

He removes samples of the mixture every two minutes and tests with iodine solution.

The experiment is repeated at different temperatures, **A**, **B**, **C** and **D**.

Which row shows the results for the temperature in which starch is digested most quickly?

	two minutes	four minutes	six minutes	eight minutes
A	blue-black	blue-black	blue-black	blue-black
B	blue-black	blue-black	brown	brown
C	blue-black	brown	brown	brown
D	brown	brown	brown	brown

3 When biuret solution is added to a food sample it turns purple.

What must the food sample contain?

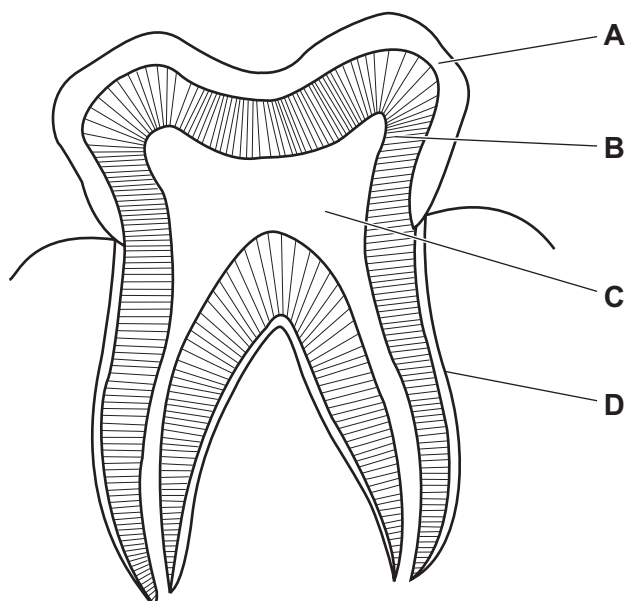
- A fat
- B glycerol
- C protein
- D vitamin

4 Which two chemical substances are required for photosynthesis?

- A carbon dioxide and glucose
- B glucose and oxygen
- C oxygen and water
- D water and carbon dioxide

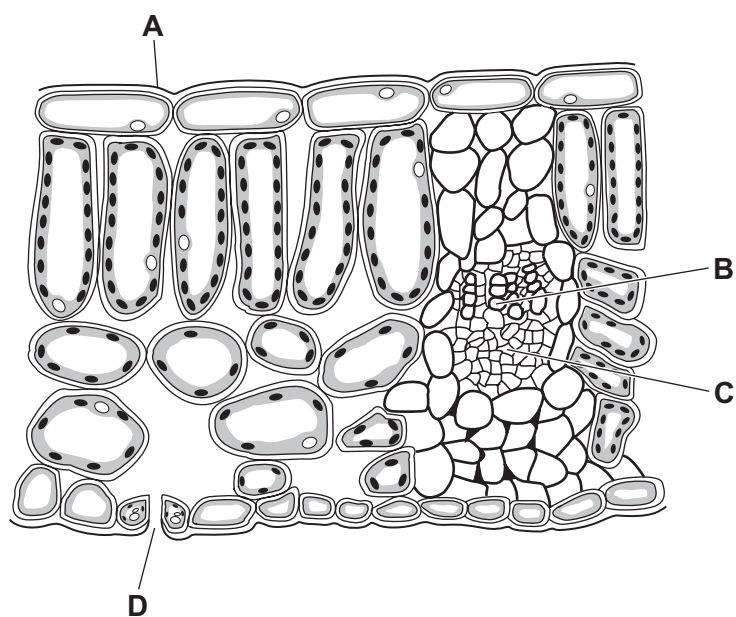
- 5 The diagram shows a section through a human tooth.

Which part is made of the hardest material?

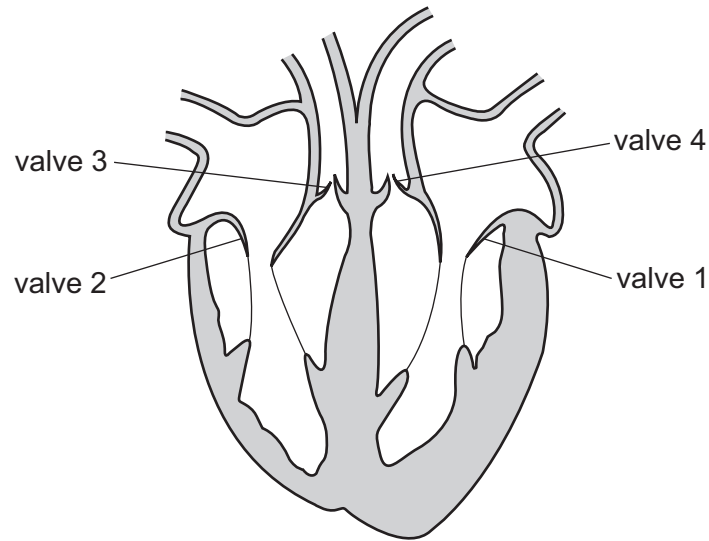


- 6 The diagram shows a section through a leaf.

Where does water enter the leaf?



- 7 The diagram shows a section through the human heart.



What happens to the valves as blood is being pumped to the lungs?

	valve 1	valve 2	valve 3	valve 4
A	closed	closed	open	closed
B	closed	closed	open	open
C	open	open	closed	closed
D	open	open	closed	open

- 8 Which equation represents aerobic respiration?

- A** carbon dioxide + oxygen → glucose + water
- B** carbon dioxide + water → glucose + oxygen
- C** glucose + oxygen → carbon dioxide + water
- D** glucose + water → carbon dioxide + oxygen

- 9 Adrenaline is sometimes called the 'fight or flight' hormone.

Which is an effect of adrenaline that helps prepare the body to fight or to take flight when frightened?

- A** It increases blood glucose concentration.
- B** It increases the rate of digestion.
- C** It maintains a constant body temperature.
- D** It slows down the heart rate.

10 Which row describes sexual reproduction?

	number of parents	offspring genetically identical to parents	involves zygote production
A	1	✓	✓
B	1	x	x
C	2	✓	x
D	2	x	✓

11 The anthers are part of which flower structure?

- A** carpels
- B** sepals
- C** stamens
- D** stigma

12 The diagram shows a food chain.

maize → mouse → owl

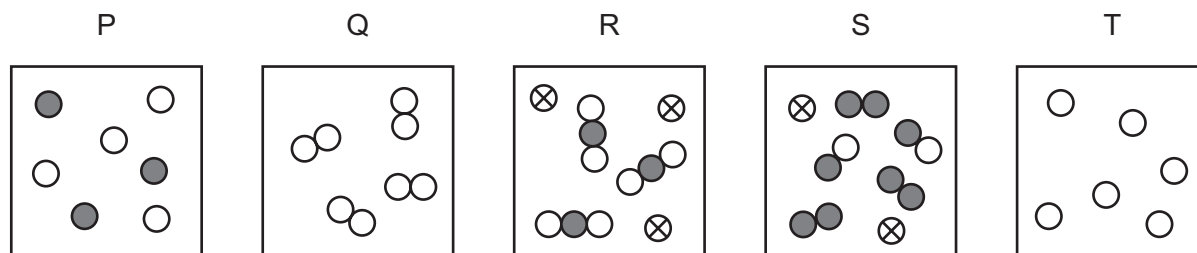
Which terms describe the organisms in this food chain?

	maize	mouse	owl
A	consumer	carnivore	producer
B	consumer	herbivore	carnivore
C	producer	carnivore	herbivore
D	producer	herbivore	carnivore

13 Which two gases contribute towards global warming?

- A** carbon dioxide and methane
- B** carbon dioxide and nitrogen
- C** nitrogen and water vapour
- D** oxygen and methane

14 The diagrams represent different substances.



Which row describes the substances?

	only separate atoms	only molecules	mixture of atoms and molecules
A	P	Q	S
B	Q	T	R
C	T	P	R
D	T	Q	P

15 Which method is used to separate a mixture of two liquids?

- A** chromatography
- B** crystallisation
- C** filtration
- D** fractional distillation

16 Which process involves a physical change?

- A** adding magnesium to nitric acid
- B** burning methane
- C** evaporating petroleum
- D** rusting iron

17 Which statement about the formation of ions is correct?

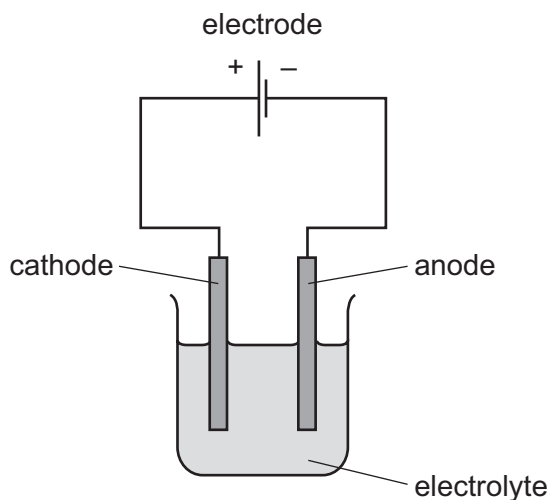
- A** Anions are formed when atoms gain electrons.
- B** Anions are formed when atoms lose electrons.
- C** Cations are formed when atoms gain protons.
- D** Cations are formed when atoms lose protons.

18 Which formula represents a molecule that contains three different elements?

- A CO_2 B H_2O C O_3 D NOCl

19 The diagram shows apparatus for electrolysis.

Only one label is correct.



Which label on the diagram is correct?

- A anode
B cathode
C electrode
D electrolyte

20 Which change **must** take place in an endothermic reaction?

- A Bubbles of gas are released.
B The mass decreases.
C The temperature decreases.
D The temperature increases.

21 Magnesium reacts with steam to form magnesium oxide and hydrogen gas.



Which statement about this reaction is correct?

- A Hydrogen gas is reduced.
B Magnesium is oxidised.
C Magnesium is reduced.
D Water is oxidised.

22 Which chemicals are used in the test for nitrate ions?

- A aqueous barium nitrate and dilute nitric acid
- B aqueous silver nitrate and dilute nitric acid
- C dilute acid and limewater
- D aqueous sodium hydroxide and aluminium

23 Part of the Periodic Table is shown.

I II																		III IV V VI VII VIII							
V																									

Which element forms an anion and which element forms a cation?

	forms an anion	forms a cation
A	V	W
B	V	X
C	W	V
D	X	W

24 Which statement about transition metals is **not** correct?

- A They are often used as catalysts.
- B They form colourless compounds.
- C They have high densities.
- D They have high melting points.

25 Constantan is a mixture of copper and another metal.

Which type of substance is constantan?

- A a compound
- B a molecule
- C a salt
- D an alloy

- 26** A sample of clean air is bubbled through sodium hydroxide to remove carbon dioxide.

It is then passed over heated copper to remove oxygen.

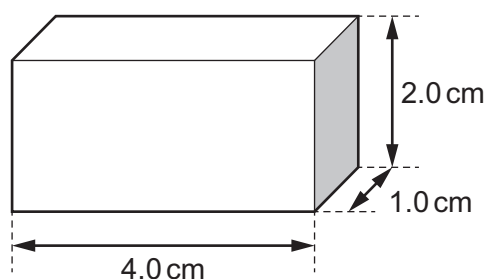
Which gases are left in the air at the end of the experiment?

- A** nitrogen, noble gases and water vapour
 - B** nitrogen and noble gases only
 - C** nitrogen only
 - D** noble gases and water vapour only
- 27** What are the products of the complete combustion of a hydrocarbon?
- A** carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide and water
 - B** carbon dioxide and water only
 - C** carbon dioxide only
 - D** carbon monoxide and water only

- 28** A vehicle takes 30 minutes to travel a distance of 60 km.

What is the average speed of the vehicle?

- A** 2.0 km/hour
 - B** 30 km/hour
 - C** 120 km/hour
 - D** 1800 km/hour
- 29** The diagram shows a solid rectangular block with the dimensions shown.
- The block is made from a material of density 4.0 g/cm^3 .



What is the mass of the block?

- A** 0.50 g
- B** 1.0 g
- C** 16 g
- D** 32 g

- 30** A ball moves along hard, horizontal ground. The ball reaches a horizontal patch of mud. The mud causes the ball to stop.

What is the main energy change as the ball moves in the mud?

- A** gravitational energy to kinetic energy
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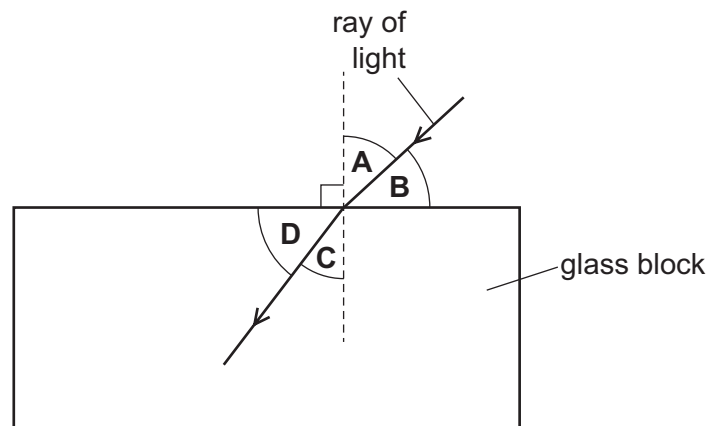
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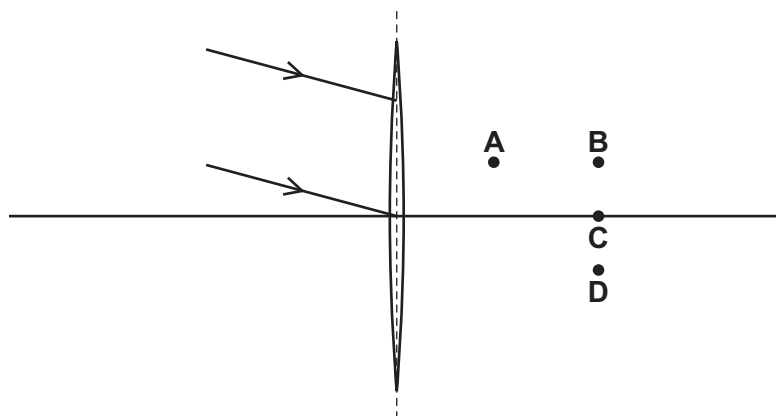
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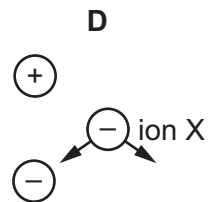
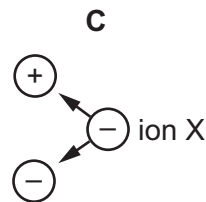
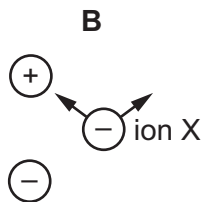
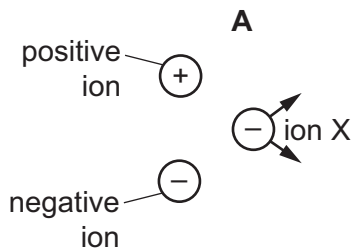
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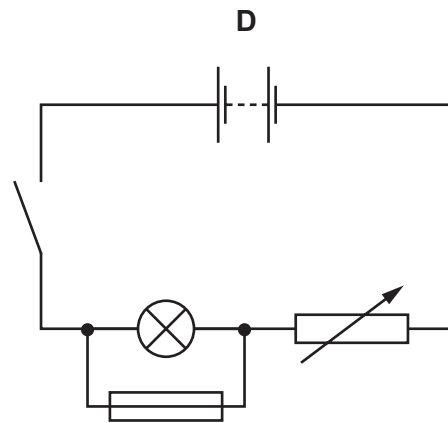
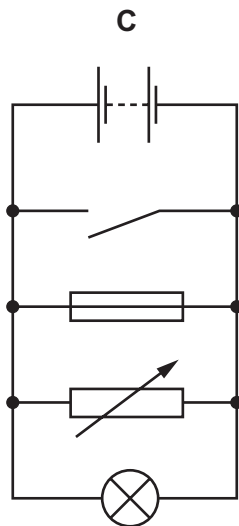
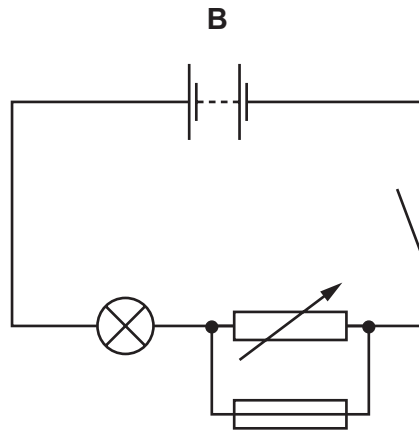
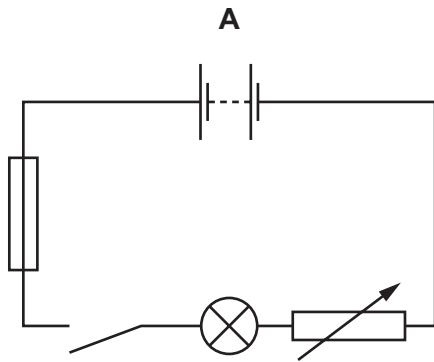
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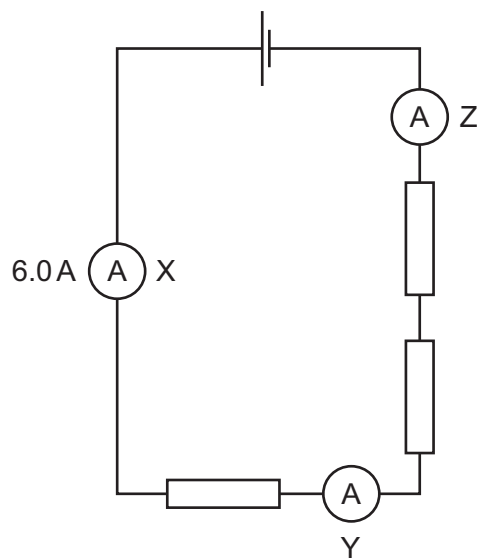


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The reading on ammeter X is 6.0 A.

What are the readings on ammeters Y and Z?

	reading on ammeter Y / A	reading on ammeter Z / A
A	2.0	4.0
B	3.0	3.0
C	4.0	2.0
D	6.0	6.0

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The Periodic Table of Elements

Group																																																																														
I	II	Key										III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII																																																													
3 Li lithium 7	4 Be beryllium 9	atomic number atomic symbol name relative atomic mass										5 B boron 11	6 C carbon 12	7 N nitrogen 14	8 O oxygen 16	9 F fluorine 19	2 He helium 4																																																													
		1 H hydrogen 1																																																																												
11 Na sodium 23	12 Mg magnesium 24	13 Al aluminium 27	14 Si silicon 28	15 P phosphorus 31	16 S sulfur 32	17 Cl chlorine 35.5	18 Ar argon 40	19 K potassium 39	20 Ca calcium 40	21 Sc scandium 45	22 Ti titanium 48	23 V vanadium 51	24 Cr chromium 52	25 Mn manganese 55	26 Fe iron 56	27 Co cobalt 59	28 Ni nickel 59	29 Cu copper 64	30 Zn zinc 65	31 Ga gallium 70	32 Ge germanium 73	33 As arsenic 75	34 Se selenium 79	35 Br bromine 80	36 Kr krypton 84	37 Rb rubidium 85	38 Sr strontium 88	39 Y yttrium 89	40 Zr zirconium 91	41 Nb niobium 93	42 Mo molybdenum 96	43 Tc technetium —	44 Ru ruthenium 101	45 Rh rhodium 103	46 Pd palladium 106	47 Ag silver 108	48 Cd cadmium 112	49 In indium 115	50 Sn tin 119	51 Sb antimony 122	52 Te tellurium 128	53 I iodine 127	54 Xe xenon 131	55 Cs caesium 133	56 Ba barium 137	57–71 lanthanoids	72 Hf hafnium 178	73 Ta tantalum 181	74 W tungsten 184	75 Re rhenium 186	76 Os osmium 190	77 Ir iridium 192	78 Pt platinum 195	79 Au gold 197	80 Hg mercury 201	81 Tl thallium 204	82 Pb lead 207	83 Bi bismuth 209	84 Po polonium —	85 At astatine —	86 Rn radon —	87 Fr francium —	88 Ra radium —	89–103 actinoids	104 Rf rutherfordium —	105 Db dubnium —	106 Sg seaborgium —	107 Bh bohrium —	108 Hs hassium —	109 Mt meitnerium —	110 Ds darmstadtium —	111 Rg roentgenium —	112 Cn copernicium —	113 Nh nihonium —	114 Fl flerovium —	115 Lv livermorium —	116 Ts tennessine —	117 Og oganesson —

lanthanoids	57 La lanthanum 139	58 Ce cerium 140	59 Pr praseodymium 141	60 Nd neodymium 144	61 Pm promethium —	62 Sm samarium 150	63 Eu europium 152	64 Gd gadolinium 157	65 Tb terbium 159	66 Dy dysprosium 163	67 Ho holmium 165	68 Er erbium 167	69 Tm thulium 169	70 Yb ytterbium 173	71 Lu lutetium 175
actinoids	89 Ac actinium —	90 Th thorium 232	91 Pa protactinium 231	92 U uranium 238	93 Np neptunium —	94 Pu plutonium —	95 Am americium —	96 Cm curium —	97 Bk berkelium —	98 Cf californium —	99 Es einsteinium —	100 Fm fermium —	101 Md mendelevium —	102 No nobelium —	103 Lr lawrencium —

The volume of one mole of any gas is 24 dm³ at room temperature and pressure (r.t.p.).



Cambridge International Examinations
Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

COMBINED SCIENCE

Paper 1 Multiple Choice (Core)

0653/13

May/June 2018

45 minutes

Additional Materials: Multiple Choice Answer Sheet
Soft clean eraser
Soft pencil (type B or HB is recommended)



READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write in soft pencil.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

Write your name, Centre number and candidate number on the Answer Sheet in the spaces provided unless this has been done for you.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

There are **forty** questions on this paper. Answer **all** questions. For each question there are four possible answers **A, B, C** and **D**.

Choose the **one** you consider correct and record your choice in **soft pencil** on the separate Answer Sheet.

Read the instructions on the Answer Sheet very carefully.

Each correct answer will score one mark. A mark will not be deducted for a wrong answer.

Any rough working should be done in this booklet.

A copy of the Periodic Table is printed on page 16.

Electronic calculators may be used.

This document consists of **15** printed pages and **1** blank page.



1 Which pair of structures is found in a typical plant cell but **not** in a typical animal cell?

- A cell membrane and chloroplasts
- B cell membrane and cytoplasm
- C cell wall and chloroplasts
- D cell wall and cytoplasm

2 A student investigates the effect of temperature on the digestion of starch by an enzyme.

The student mixes an enzyme solution with a starch solution.

He removes samples of the mixture every two minutes and tests with iodine solution.

The experiment is repeated at different temperatures, **A**, **B**, **C** and **D**.

Which row shows the results for the temperature in which starch is digested most quickly?

	two minutes	four minutes	six minutes	eight minutes
A	blue-black	blue-black	blue-black	blue-black
B	blue-black	blue-black	brown	brown
C	blue-black	brown	brown	brown
D	brown	brown	brown	brown

3 When biuret solution is added to a food sample it turns purple.

What must the food sample contain?

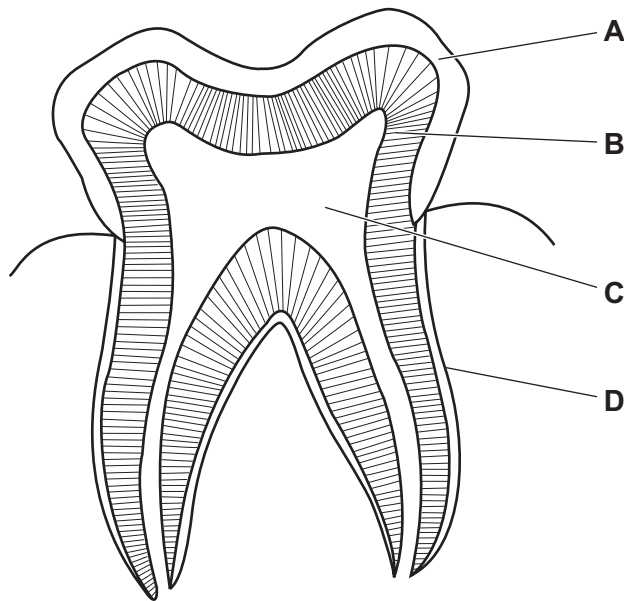
- A fat
- B glycerol
- C protein
- D vitamin

4 Which two chemical substances are required for photosynthesis?

- A carbon dioxide and glucose
- B glucose and oxygen
- C oxygen and water
- D water and carbon dioxide

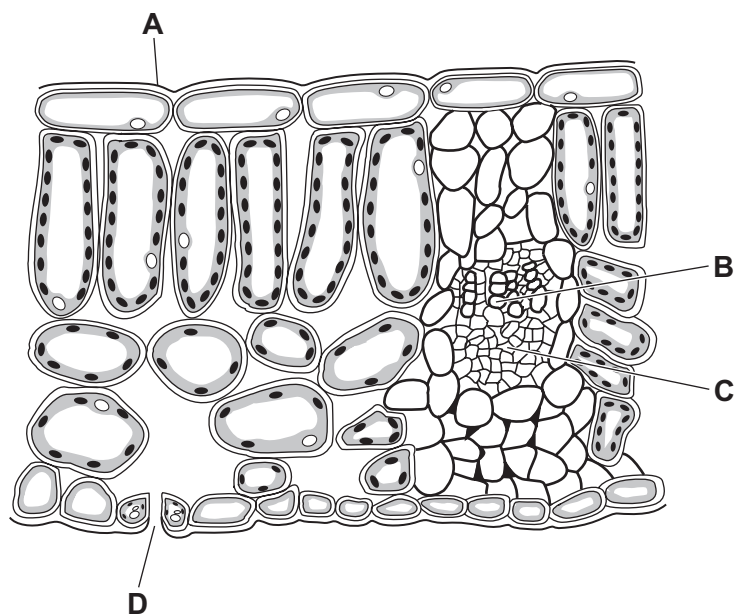
- 5 The diagram shows a section through a human tooth.

Which part is made of the hardest material?

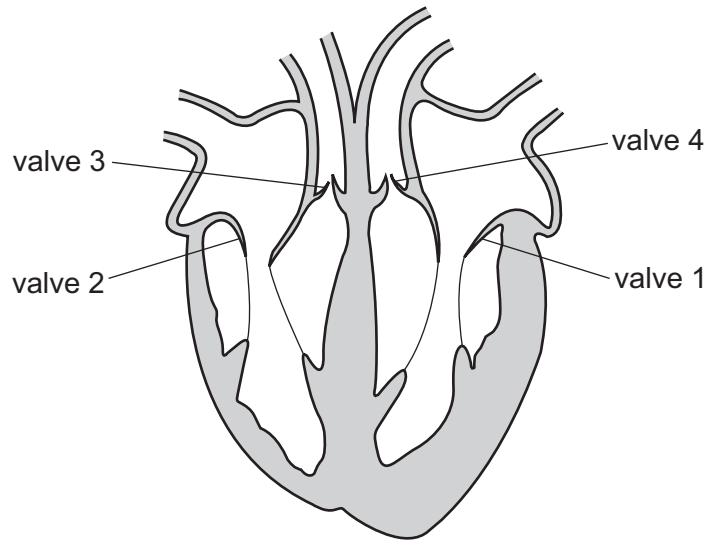


- 6 The diagram shows a section through a leaf.

Where does water enter the leaf?



7 The diagram shows a section through the human heart.



What happens to the valves as blood is being pumped to the lungs?

	valve 1	valve 2	valve 3	valve 4
A	closed	closed	open	closed
B	closed	closed	open	open
C	open	open	closed	closed
D	open	open	closed	open

8 Which equation represents aerobic respiration?

- A** carbon dioxide + oxygen → glucose + water
- B** carbon dioxide + water → glucose + oxygen
- C** glucose + oxygen → carbon dioxide + water
- D** glucose + water → carbon dioxide + oxygen

9 Adrenaline is sometimes called the 'fight or flight' hormone.

Which is an effect of adrenaline that helps prepare the body to fight or to take flight when frightened?

- A** It increases blood glucose concentration.
- B** It increases the rate of digestion.
- C** It maintains a constant body temperature.
- D** It slows down the heart rate.

10 Which row describes sexual reproduction?

	number of parents	offspring genetically identical to parents	involves zygote production
A	1	✓	✓
B	1	x	x
C	2	✓	x
D	2	x	✓

11 The anthers are part of which flower structure?

- A** carpels
- B** sepals
- C** stamens
- D** stigma

12 The diagram shows a food chain.

maize → mouse → owl

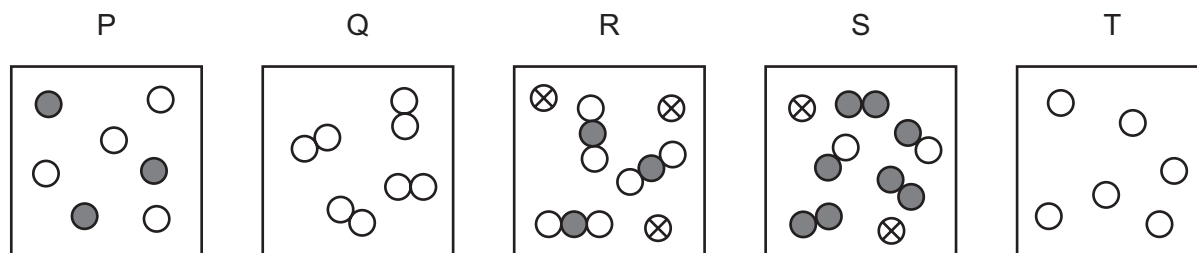
Which terms describe the organisms in this food chain?

	maize	mouse	owl
A	consumer	carnivore	producer
B	consumer	herbivore	carnivore
C	producer	carnivore	herbivore
D	producer	herbivore	carnivore

13 Which two gases contribute towards global warming?

- A** carbon dioxide and methane
- B** carbon dioxide and nitrogen
- C** nitrogen and water vapour
- D** oxygen and methane

14 The diagrams represent different substances.



Which row describes the substances?

	only separate atoms	only molecules	mixture of atoms and molecules
A	P	Q	S
B	Q	T	R
C	T	P	R
D	T	Q	P

15 Which method is used to separate a mixture of two liquids?

- A** chromatography
- B** crystallisation
- C** filtration
- D** fractional distillation

16 Which process involves a physical change?

- A** adding magnesium to nitric acid
- B** burning methane
- C** evaporating petroleum
- D** rusting iron

17 Which statement about the formation of ions is correct?

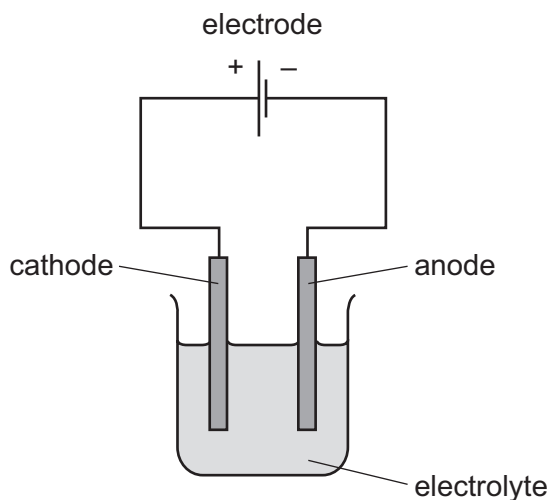
- A** Anions are formed when atoms gain electrons.
- B** Anions are formed when atoms lose electrons.
- C** Cations are formed when atoms gain protons.
- D** Cations are formed when atoms lose protons.

18 Which formula represents a molecule that contains three different elements?

- A CO_2 B H_2O C O_3 D NOCl

19 The diagram shows apparatus for electrolysis.

Only one label is correct.



Which label on the diagram is correct?

- A anode
B cathode
C electrode
D electrolyte

20 Which change **must** take place in an endothermic reaction?

- A Bubbles of gas are released.
B The mass decreases.
C The temperature decreases.
D The temperature increases.

21 Magnesium reacts with steam to form magnesium oxide and hydrogen gas.



Which statement about this reaction is correct?

- A Hydrogen gas is reduced.
B Magnesium is oxidised.
C Magnesium is reduced.
D Water is oxidised.

22 Which chemicals are used in the test for nitrate ions?

- A aqueous barium nitrate and dilute nitric acid
- B aqueous silver nitrate and dilute nitric acid
- C dilute acid and limewater
- D aqueous sodium hydroxide and aluminium

23 Part of the Periodic Table is shown.

I II																		III IV V VI VII VIII							
V																						W	X		

Which element forms an anion and which element forms a cation?

	forms an anion	forms a cation
A	V	W
B	V	X
C	W	V
D	X	W

24 Which statement about transition metals is **not** correct?

- A They are often used as catalysts.
- B They form colourless compounds.
- C They have high densities.
- D They have high melting points.

25 Constantan is a mixture of copper and another metal.

Which type of substance is constantan?

- A a compound
- B a molecule
- C a salt
- D an alloy

- 26** A sample of clean air is bubbled through sodium hydroxide to remove carbon dioxide.

It is then passed over heated copper to remove oxygen.

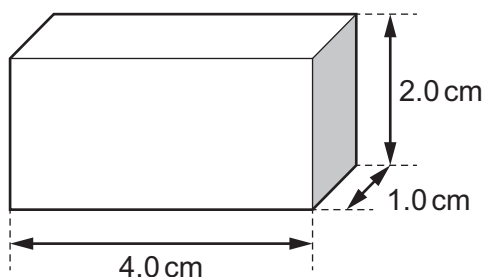
Which gases are left in the air at the end of the experiment?

- A** nitrogen, noble gases and water vapour
 - B** nitrogen and noble gases only
 - C** nitrogen only
 - D** noble gases and water vapour only
- 27** What are the products of the complete combustion of a hydrocarbon?
- A** carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide and water
 - B** carbon dioxide and water only
 - C** carbon dioxide only
 - D** carbon monoxide and water only

- 28** A vehicle takes 30 minutes to travel a distance of 60 km.

What is the average speed of the vehicle?

- A** 2.0 km/hour
 - B** 30 km/hour
 - C** 120 km/hour
 - D** 1800 km/hour
- 29** The diagram shows a solid rectangular block with the dimensions shown.
- The block is made from a material of density 4.0 g/cm^3 .



What is the mass of the block?

- A** 0.50 g
- B** 1.0 g
- C** 16 g
- D** 32 g

- 30** A ball moves along hard, horizontal ground. The ball reaches a horizontal patch of mud. The mud causes the ball to stop.

What is the main energy change as the ball moves in the mud?

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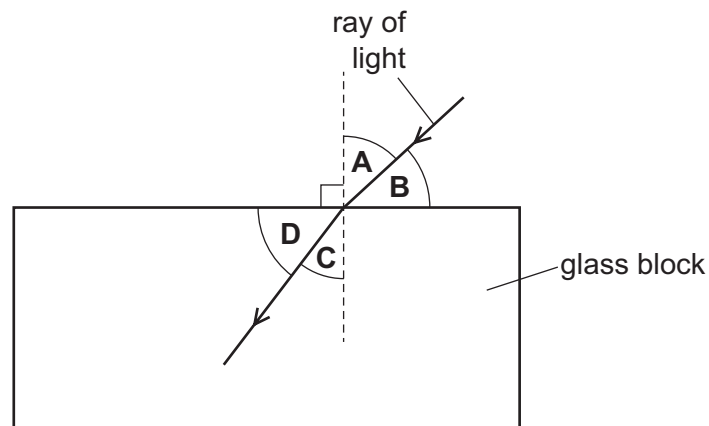
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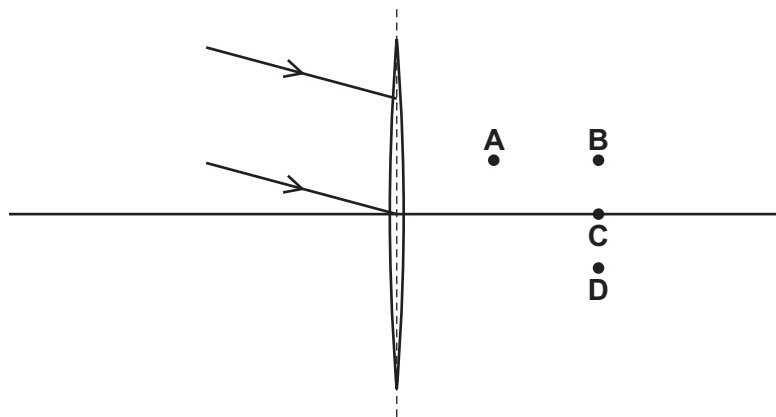
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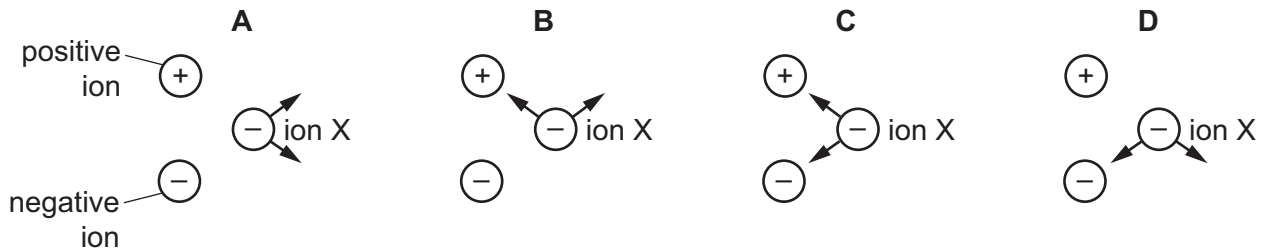
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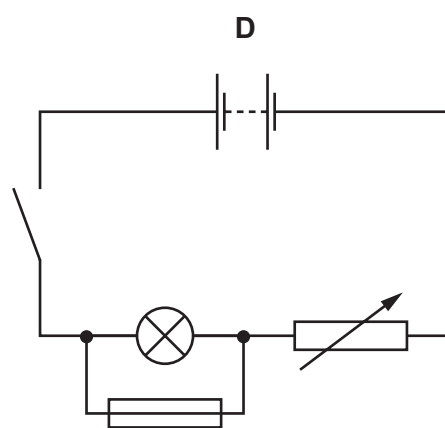
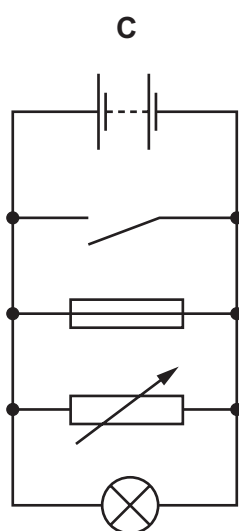
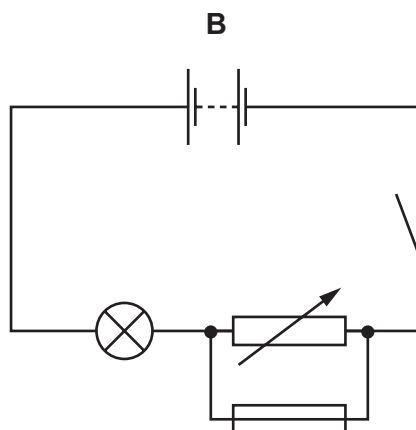
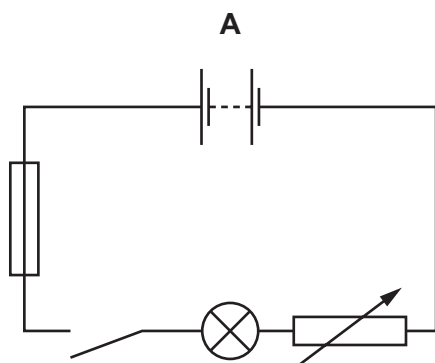
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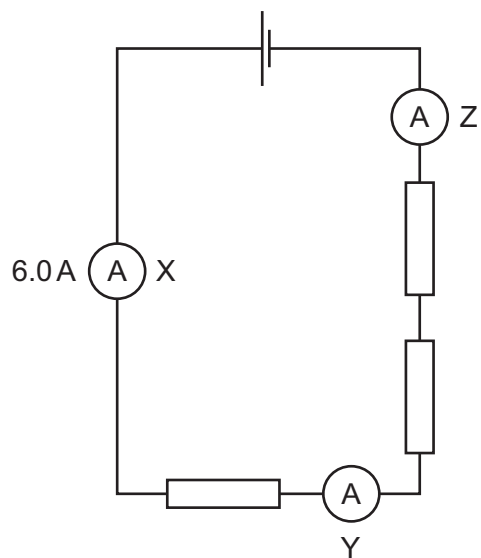


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